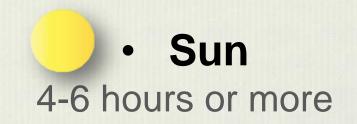
Growing and Caring For Roses

Location

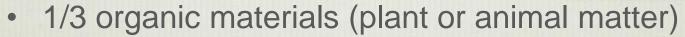
East - South - West





Amended Soil

- 1/3 top soil (Holy Cow Soil)
 - 1/3 sand





Raised Beds

- Good drainage
- Easy to maintain and care for
 - 18"x 24" deep



Materials to Build Borders

- Wood ties
- Stacked stone
- Modular block
 - Brick walls
- Concrete walls
- Composite Lumber

Water

- Place beds close to water supply
 - Drip system
 - Soaker hoses
 - Hand watering (hose)
 - *Do Not Depend On Rainfall*
- Water according to temperature





- P.H.
- Acidity or Alkalinity
- P.H. meter 0-7, 6.2-6.8
- If Acidity is too low use Dolomitic Lime or Limestone F
 - If Alkaline is too high use Sulfur

Planting and Selecting Roses

A.R.S. Handbook for selecting roses – roses in review

- 0-10 rating
- 7-9 is a good or best rating
- Container (3 gallon), 3 canes or more plant during planting season
 - Bare Root plant in March





Fertilizing Roses

- Organic plant and animal; Mills Mix; Beaty Fertilizer
 - Slow release granular
 - Bloom-Kote 4 months
- Liquid fertilizer Easy Feed (do not water after)
 - *Water Before And After*

Diseases

- Fungicides use Banner Maxx or Honor Guard; every 15 days
 - Black spot and Downy Mildew use Manzate
 - Organocide every 7-10 days





Insects

- Rose Aphids use Merit 75wp
 - Japanese Beetles
 - Spider mites use Organocide
 - Thrips



Pruning and Tools

- Gloves
- Pruners
- Spring Pruning
 - Deadheading
 - Grooming



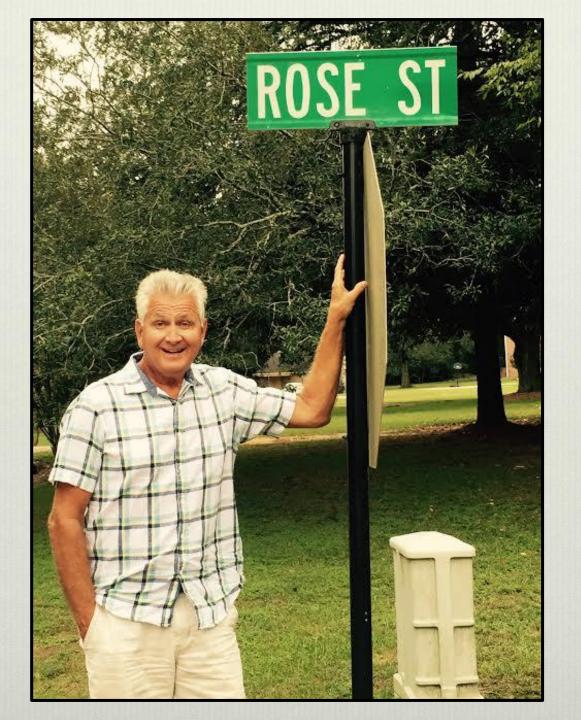
- Brown shredded Pine
 - Compost
 - Pine Needles





Winter Care and Protection

- Mounding
- Collars with mulch at 8-15"
 - Cones
 - Protect graft union



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REMEMBER THIS:

Only God can grow roses, Rosarians are simply conduits of help.